### Ravensfield Primary School - History

#### The Vision for History

At Ravensfield, we believe that learning about History through significant events, cultures and people can lay the foundations for enquiring and questioning minds. This means our children become Historians. We inspire curiosity to know more about the past and investigate how history can shape the future. Through carefully sequenced and progressive study, we ensure children develop an understanding of how the choices and actions made by humans across time has led us to this moment in history, how differing interpretations can lead to debate and how causes can lead to positive but sometimes negative consequences. This also includes the development of British Values and the Ravensfield school values: love, honesty, forgiveness, respect and hope. Through the development of chronology, children will build a mental map of the past and discover where they fit into the web of time. This learning will provide them with the vital skills that will enable them to succeed in the next steps of studying the discipline of history.

## <u>Aim</u>

We want our students at Ravensfield to have developed a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history, noting connections, contrasts and trends over time. They will be able to use the appropriate historical vocabulary to describe change, cause, similarity and difference when discussing significant historical periods, events or people and construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of historical information.

### **Domains of knowledge**

Dukinfield

Great Fire of London

Stone Age,

Bronze Age

Iron age Britain

Roman Empire

Egyptians

WW2

Homes Castles

Monarchs

**Ancient Greeks** 

Anglo Saxons

Vikings

**Tudors** 

My Heritage including Victorians and the Industrial Revolution

Transport

Benin Empire

Indus Valley

Toys

Dinosaurs

Significant individuals\*

# **Key Concepts**

As children move through the school, key concepts are revisited through different historical periods to deepen their understanding. Units are planned chronologically across the school, and include strong, rich historical links to our local area. Our curriculum is refined yearly but it maintains a consistent knowledge base to ensure conceptual progression. We have identified a set of key historical concepts or 'key threads' that children will repeatedly revisit

### Our key threads are:

- Legacy (invention, exploration, migration, invention, tools, discovery, progress)
- Invasion and settlement (conquest, liberation, occupation, military, peace, plague, surrender, treaty, war)

- Hierarchy and power (country, democracy, empire, equality, government, law, monarchy, oppression, parliament, politics, poverty, slavery)
- Society and cultural change (architecture, art, civilisation, communication, economy, inspiration, myth, nation, religion, settlement, story, trade)

### **Second order concepts**

Second order concepts are fundamental knowledge and skills which are transferable across a range of curriculum subjects. For example, we introduce pupils to the concept of 'similarity and difference' early in their education, developing the observational skills and language needed to make comparisons. This is developed and applied as pupils move through the school so they can confidently apply this in all areas of the curriculum by upper Key Stage Two. A summary of the second order concepts and how they apply to different subjects are provided in the table below

Curriculum	Significance	Similarity and difference	Cause and consequence	Continuity and change	Chronology	Communication (Oracy &	Historical Enquiry
subject						Written)	
History	How significant people,	Making comparisons	Understanding the effect of	How and why events	Understanding our place in	Using historical terms,	Formulating questions,
	places, cultures, events	between different cultures,	humans on the past and	happened and how and	time and building a mental	forming arguments and	researching, analysing
	have impacted the modern	beliefs, laws, art, from the	how the past affects us	why some things stay the	map of the past	presenting these in a	sources, drawing
	world	past	today	same		subjective way	conclusions, presenting
							findings, debate

### **End points**

- 1. To ask perceptive questions, think critically, weigh evidence, sift arguments, and develop perspective and judgement (Historical enquiry)
- 2. To have established clear narratives within and across periods studied and can note connections, contrasts and trends over time (Chronology)
- 3. To identify historically significant people and events from a range of periods, giving reasons for why they are important today. (Significance)
- 4. To identify and give reasons for, results of, historical events, situations, changes. (Cause and consequence)
- 5. To describe /make links between main events, situations and changes within and across different periods and societies. (Continuity and change)
- 6. To describe social, cultural, religious and ethnic diversity in Britain and the wider world. (Similarity and difference)

### <u>History LTP - 2023-24</u>

<u>Year</u>	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4	Unit 5
	7 weeks	7 Weeks	8 weeks	7 weeks	7 weeks
Year 1		History		History	
		Local History – Dukinfield		Homes and Castles	
Year 2		History		History	History
		Great Fire of London		Monarchs and power	Transport – including locality
Year 3		History		History	
		Stone Age, Bronze and Iron age		The Ancient Egyptians	
		Britain			
Year 4		History		History	History
		Roman Empire – Impact on		Anglo Saxons and Vikings	Benin Empire
		Britain			
Year 5		History		History	
		The Ancient Greeks		The Tudors	
Year 6		History		History	History
		WW2		Indus Valley	My Heritage – Dukinfield
					(Industrial Revolution)

## **History Unit LTP overviews**

<u>Year 1</u>					
Unit 1		Unit 2			
<u>Unit Title:</u> Local History - Dukinfield	Length: 7 Weeks	Unit Title: Homes and Castles	Length: 7 Weeks		
Domains of Knowledge		Domains of knowledge			
Dukinfield Significant individuals*		Dukinfield Homes			
Significant individuals* Significant events		Castles			
Significant events		Time periods relevant to homes and castles			
Key Concepts		Key Concepts			
Society and cultural change		Society and cultural change			
Legacy		Hierarchy and power			
		Legacy			
		Invasion and settlement			
Relevant End Points Covered		Relevant End Points Covered			
1.To ask perceptive questions, think critically, weigh evidence, sif	t arguments, and develop perspective and judgement (Historical	1.To ask perceptive questions, think critically, weigh evidence, sift arguments, and develop perspective and judgement (Historical			
enquiry)		enquiry)			
2.To have established clear narratives within and across periods s	tudied and can note connections, contrasts and trends over time	·			
(Chronology)		(Chronology)			
3.To identify historically significant people and events from a range	ge of periods, giving reasons for why they are important today.	5.To describe /make links between main events, situations and changes within and across different periods and societies.			
(Significance)	untions about the Court and account to	(Continuity and change) 6.To describe social, cultural, religious and ethnic diversity in Britain and the wider world. (Similarity and difference)			
4.To identify and give reasons for, results of, historical events, sit 5.To describe /make links between main events, situations and ch		6.10 describe social, cultural, religious and ethnic diversity in Briti	ain and the wider world. (Similarity and difference)		
(Continuity and change)	langes within and across different periods and societies.				
6.To describe social, cultural, religious and ethnic diversity in Brita	ain and the wider world (Similarity and difference)				
Assessments (measuring impact and triangulation of learning)	and the wider world. (Similarity and difference)	Assessments (measuring impact and triangulation of learning)			
Formative (pre-quiz, hinge questions, exit tickets)		Formative (pre-quiz, hinge questions, exit tickets)			
Summative (small end of unit quiz)		Summative (small end of unit quiz)			
Subject lead			Subject lead		
Pupil voice Pupil voice		Pupil voice			
Book monitoring		Book monitoring			
Teacher voice		Teacher voice			
Learning walks		Learning walks			
Instructional coaching		Instructional coaching			
Enrichment: Trip to local care home to speak to residents about	life in Dukinfield.	Enrichment:			

<u>Year 2</u>					
Unit 1		Unit 2		Unit 3	
Unit Title: Great Fire of London.	Length: 7 Weeks	Unit Title: Monarchs and power	Length: 7 Weeks	<u>Unit Title:</u> Transport – including locality	Length: 7 Weeks
Domains of Knowledge Great Fire of London and the Gun powder Plot London Stuarts Significant individuals* Significant events		Domains of knowledge  Kings Queens Time periods relevant to monarchs Significant individuals* Significant events		Domains of Knowledge Dukinfield (Tameside) Significant individuals* Time periods relevant to transport studied Transport vehicles: boats, planes, trains, cars, trains Significant events	
Key Concepts Society and cultural change Legacy		Key Concepts Society and cultural change Hierarchy and power Legacy Invasion and settlement		Key Concepts Society and cultural change Legacy	
Relevant End Points Covered  1.To ask perceptive questions, think critically, weigh evidence, sift arguments, and develop perspective and judgement (Historical enquiry)  2.To have established clear narratives within and across periods studied and can note connections, contrasts and trends over time (Chronology)  3.To identify historically significant people and events from a range of periods, giving reasons for why they are important today. (Significance)  4.To identify and give reasons for, results of, historical events, situations, changes. (Cause and consequence)  5.To describe /make links between main events, situations and changes within and across different periods and societies. (Continuity and change)		connections, contrasts and trends over time (Chronology)		Relevant End Points Covered  1.To ask perceptive questions, think critically, weigh evidence, sift arguments, and develop perspective and judgement (Historical enquiry)  2.To have established clear narratives within and across periods studied and can note connections, contrasts and trends over time (Chronology)  3.To identify historically significant people and events from a range of periods, giving reasons for why they are important today. (Significance)  4.To identify and give reasons for, results of, historical events, situations, changes. (Cause and consequence)	
Assessments (measuring impact and triangulation of learning) Formative (pre-quiz, hinge questions, exit tickets) Summative (small end of unit quiz)  Subject lead Pupil voice Book monitoring Teacher voice Learning walks Instructional coaching  Enrichment		Assessments (measuring impact and triangulation of learning) Formative (pre-quiz, hinge questions, exit tickets) Summative (small end of unit quiz)  Subject lead Pupil voice Book monitoring Teacher voice Learning walks Instructional coaching  Enrichment		Assessments (measuring impact and triangulation of learning) Formative (pre-quiz, hinge questions, exit tickets) Summative (small end of unit quiz)  Subject lead Pupil voice Book monitoring Teacher voice Learning walks Instructional coaching  Enrichment Portland basin museum Museum of Industry	

		Year 3		
Unit 1		Unit 2		
Unit Title: Stone Age, Bronze and Iron age Britain	Unit Title: Stone Age, Bronze and Iron age Britain  Length: 7 Weeks		Length 7 weeks	
Domains of Knowledge Stone Age Britain Bronze Age Britain Iron Age Britain Key Concepts Society and cultural change Legacy Invasion and settlement		Domains of Knowledge Ancient Egyptians Significant individuals* Significant events  Key Concepts Society and cultural change Hierarchy and power Legacy Invasion and settlement		
Relevant End Points Covered  1.To ask perceptive questions, think critically, weigh evidence, sift arguments, and develop perspective and judgement (Historical enquiry)  2.To have established clear narratives within and across periods studied and can note connections, contrasts and trends over time (Chronology)  3.To identify and give reasons for, results of, historical events, situations, changes. (Cause and consequence)  4.To describe /make links between main events, situations and changes within and across different periods and societies. (Continuity and change)  5.To describe social, cultural, religious and ethnic diversity in Britain and the wider world. (Similarity and difference)		Relevant End Points Covered  1.To ask perceptive questions, think critically, weigh evidence, sift arguments, and develop perspective and judgement (Historical enquiry)  2.To have established clear narratives within and across periods studied and can note connections, contrasts and trends over time (Chronology)  3.To identify historically significant people and events from a range of periods, giving reasons for why they are important today. (Significance)  4.To identify and give reasons for, results of, historical events, situations, changes. (Cause and consequence)  5.To describe /make links between main events, situations and changes within and across different periods and societies. (Continuity and change)  6.To describe social, cultural, religious and ethnic diversity in Britain and the wider world. (Similarity and difference)		
Assessments (measuring impact and triangulation of learning)  Formative (pre-quiz, hinge questions, exit tickets)  Summative (small end of unit quiz)  Subject lead  Pupil voice  Book monitoring  Toucher voice		Assessments (measuring impact and triangulation of learning) Formative (pre-quiz, hinge questions, exit tickets) Summative (small end of unit quiz)  Subject lead Pupil voice Book monitoring		
Teacher voice Learning walks Instructional coaching  Enrichment Stone age visitor coming into school		Teacher voice Learning walks Instructional coaching  Enrichment Trip to Manchester museum Egyptians exhibition		

	Year 4					
Unit 1		Unit 2		Unit 3		
Unit Title: Roman Empire – Impact on Britain	Length: 7 Weeks	<u>Unit Title:</u> Anglo Saxons and Vikings	Length: 7 Weeks	Unit Title: Benin Empire	Length: 7 Weeks	
Domains of Knowledge		Domains of knowledge		Domains of Knowledge		
Roman Empire		Anglo-Saxons		Benin Empire		
Roman Britain		Vikings		Significant individuals*		
Significant individuals*		Significant individuals*		Significant events		
Significant events		Significant events				
Key Concepts		Key Concepts		Key Concepts		
Society and cultural change		Society and cultural change		Society and cultural change		
Hierarchy and power		Hierarchy and power		Hierarchy and power		
Legacy		Legacy		Legacy		
Invasion and settlement		Invasion and settlement		Invasion and settlement		

Relevant End Points Covered	Relevant End Points Covered	Relevant End Points Covered
1.To ask perceptive questions, think critically, weigh evidence, sift arguments, and	1.To ask perceptive questions, think critically, weigh evidence, sift arguments, and	1.To ask perceptive questions, think critically, weigh evidence, sift arguments, and
develop perspective and judgement (Historical enquiry)	develop perspective and judgement (Historical enquiry)	develop perspective and judgement (Historical enquiry)
2.To have established clear narratives within and across periods studied and can note	2.To have established clear narratives within and across periods studied and can note	2.To have established clear narratives within and across periods studied and can note
connections, contrasts and trends over time (Chronology)	connections, contrasts and trends over time (Chronology)	connections, contrasts and trends over time (Chronology)
3.To identify historically significant people and events from a range of periods, giving reasons for why they are important today. (Significance)	3.To identify historically significant people and events from a range of periods, giving reasons for why they are important today. (Significance)	3.To identify historically significant people and events from a range of periods, giving reasons for why they are important today. (Significance)
4.To identify and give reasons for, results of, historical events, situations, changes. (Cause and consequence)	4.To identify and give reasons for, results of, historical events, situations, changes. (Cause and consequence)	4.To identify and give reasons for, results of, historical events, situations, changes. (Cause and consequence)
5.To describe /make links between main events, situations and changes within and across different periods and societies. (Continuity and change)	5.To describe /make links between main events, situations and changes within and across different periods and societies. (Continuity and change)	5.To describe /make links between main events, situations and changes within and across different periods and societies. (Continuity and change)
6.To describe social, cultural, religious and ethnic diversity in Britain and the wider world. (Similarity and difference)	6.To describe social, cultural, religious and ethnic diversity in Britain and the wider world. (Similarity and difference)	6.To describe social, cultural, religious and ethnic diversity in Britain and the wider world. (Similarity and difference)
worth. (Similarity and directence)	world. (Similarity and difference)	world. (Similarly and afficience)
Assessments (measuring impact and triangulation of learning)	Assessments (measuring impact and triangulation of learning)	Assessments (measuring impact and triangulation of learning)
Formative (pre-quiz, hinge questions, exit tickets)	Formative (pre-quiz, hinge questions, exit tickets)	Formative (pre-quiz, hinge questions, exit tickets)
Summative (small end of unit quiz)	Summative (small end of unit quiz)	Summative (small end of unit quiz)
Subject lead	Subject lead	Subject lead
Pupil voice	Pupil voice	Pupil voice
Book monitoring	Book monitoring	Book monitoring
Teacher voice	Teacher voice	Teacher voice
Learning walks	Learning walks	Learning walks
Instructional coaching	Instructional coaching	Instructional coaching
<u>Enrichment</u>	<u>Enrichment</u>	<u>Enrichment</u>
Roman day in school- Dress like a Roman, try Roman foods, learn Roman numerals.	Tatton park live like a Saxon/Viking for the day	
	Viking Visitor into school	

	<u>Ye</u>	ear 5		
Unit Title: The Ancient Greeks		Unit Title: The Tudors		
Domains of knowledge	Length: 7 weeks	Domains of Knowledge:	Length: 7 Weeks	
Ancient Greece	Length. 7 weeks	Tudors	Length. 7 Weeks	
Significant individuals*		Significant individuals*		
Crime and punishment		Significant events		
Significant events		Significant events		
Key Concepts		Key Concepts		
Society and cultural change		Society and cultural change		
Hierarchy and power		Hierarchy and power		
		1		
Legacy		Legacy		
Invasion and settlement		Invasion and settlement		
Relevant End Points Covered		Relevant End Points Covered		
1.To ask perceptive questions, think critically, weigh evidence, s	sift arguments, and develop perspective and judgement	1.To ask perceptive questions, think critically, weigh evidence, sift arguments, and develop perspective and judgement		
(Historical enquiry)		(Historical enquiry)		
2.To have established clear narratives within and across periods	s studied and can note connections, contrasts and trends over	2.To have established clear narratives within and across periods studied and can note connections, contrasts and trends over		
time (Chronology)		time (Chronology)		
3.To identify historically significant people and events from a ra	nge of periods, giving reasons for why they are important	3.To identify historically significant people and events from a range of periods, giving reasons for why they are important		
today. (Significance)	, , ,	today. (Significance)		
4.To identify and give reasons for, results of, historical events, s	ituations, changes. (Cause and consequence)	4.To identify and give reasons for, results of, historical events, situations, changes. (Cause and consequence)		
5.To describe /make links between main events, situations and		5.To describe /make links between main events, situations and	= '	
(Continuity and change)		(Continuity and change)		
6.To describe social, cultural, religious and ethnic diversity in Br	itain and the wider world. (Similarity and difference)	6.To describe social, cultural, religious and ethnic diversity in Britain and the wider world. (Similarity and difference)		
Assessments (measuring impact and triangulation of learning)		Assessments (measuring impact and triangulation of learning)		
Formative (pre-quiz, hinge questions, exit tickets)		Formative (pre-quiz, hinge questions, exit tickets)		
Summative (small end of unit quiz)		Summative (small end of unit quiz)		
Subject lead		Subject lead		
Pupil voice		Pupil voice		
Book monitoring		Book monitoring		
Teacher voice		Teacher voice		
Learning walks		Learning walks		
Instructional coaching		Instructional coaching		
Enrichment		Enrichment		
		Trip to Ordsall hall		
		r		
		I .		

Year 6					
Unit 1		Unit 2		Unit 3	
Unit Title: WW2	Length: 7 Weeks	Unit Title: The Indus Valley	Length: 7 Weeks	<u>Unit Title:</u> My Heritage – Dukinfield during the Industrial Revolution (Victorians)	Length: 7 Weeks
Domains of Knowledge		Domains of knowledge		Domains of Knowledge	
World War 2		Ancient civilisation		Industrial revolution	
<u>Dukinfield</u>		Chronological awareness of world history parallel to Indus Valley		Dukinfield in the Victorian era	
Significant individuals*		Significant events		Dukinfield (local history study)	

Significant events		Significant individuals*
		Significant events
Key Concepts	Key Concepts	Key Concepts
Society and cultural change	Society and cultural change	Society and cultural change
Hierarchy and power	Hierarchy and power	Hierarchy and power
Legacy	Legacy	Legacy
Invasion and settlement	Invasion and settlement	Invasion and settlement
Relevant End Points Covered	Relevant End Points Covered	Relevant End Points Covered
1.To ask perceptive questions, think critically, weigh evidence, sift arguments, and	1.To ask perceptive questions, think critically, weigh evidence,	
develop perspective and judgement (Historical enquiry)	develop perspective and judgement (Historical enquiry)	develop perspective and judgement (Historical enquiry)
2.To have established clear narratives within and across periods studied and can note	2.To have established clear narratives within and across period	studied and can note 2.To have established clear narratives within and across periods studied and can note
connections, contrasts and trends over time (Chronology)	connections, contrasts and trends over time (Chronology)	connections, contrasts and trends over time (Chronology)
3.To identify historically significant people and events from a range of periods, giving	3.To identify historically significant people and events from a ra	nge of periods, giving 3.To identify historically significant people and events from a range of periods, giving
reasons for why they are important today. (Significance)	reasons for why they are important today. (Significance)	reasons for why they are important today. (Significance)
4.To identify and give reasons for, results of, historical events, situations, changes.	4.To identify and give reasons for, results of, historical events, s	tuations, changes. 4.To identify and give reasons for, results of, historical events, situations, changes.
(Cause and consequence)	(Cause and consequence)	(Cause and consequence)
5.To describe /make links between main events, situations and changes within and	5.To describe /make links between main events, situations and	changes within and 5.To describe /make links between main events, situations and changes within and
across different periods and societies. (Continuity and change)	across different periods and societies. (Continuity and change)	across different periods and societies. (Continuity and change)
6.To describe social, cultural, religious and ethnic diversity in Britain and the wider	6.To describe social, cultural, religious and ethnic diversity in Br	
world. (Similarity and difference)	world. (Similarity and difference)	world. (Similarity and difference)
Assessments (measuring impact and triangulation of learning)	Assessments (measuring impact and triangulation of learning)	Assessments (measuring impact and triangulation of learning)
Formative (pre-quiz, hinge questions, exit tickets)	Formative (pre-quiz, hinge questions, exit tickets)	Formative (pre-quiz, hinge questions, exit tickets)
Summative (small end of unit quiz)	Summative (small end of unit quiz)	Summative (small end of unit quiz)
Subject lead	Subject lead	Subject lead
Pupil voice	Pupil voice	Pupil voice
Book monitoring	Book monitoring	Book monitoring
Teacher voice	Teacher voice	Teacher voice
Learning walks	Learning walks	Learning walks
Instructional coaching	Instructional coaching	Instructional coaching
<u>Enrichment</u>	<u>Enrichment</u>	<u>Enrichment</u>
Guest speaker- Possible care home resident who lived during the war/ life after the		Portland Basin museum
war, had family who experienced living through the war.		Dukinfield Library